Health and Human Services

- (2) If the failure is not determined to be excusable or a response is not received within the allotted time, the contracting officer is to initiate withholding action on all contract payments and is to determine whether termination for convenience or other action would be in the best interest of the Government.
- (d) The contracting officer should consult FAR subpart 49.4 for further guidance before taking any of the actions described in this section.

342.7003-3 Withholding payments.

- (a) When making the determination that contract payments should be withheld in accordance with the Withholding of Contract Payments clause, the contracting officer is to immediately notify the servicing finance office in writing of the determination to suspend payments. The notice of suspension is to contain all elements of information required by the payment office to properly identify the contract and the applicable accounts involved.
- (b) The contracting officer is to immediately notify the contractor in writing that payments have been suspended until the default or failure is cured.
- (c) When the contractor cures the default or failure, the contracting officer is to immediately notify, in writing, all recipients of the notice of suspension that the suspension is to be lifted and contract payments are to be resumed.
- (d) When exercising actions regarding the withholding of payment procedures, the contracting officer must be careful not to waive any of the Government's rights when corresponding with the contractor or when taking any other actions.

Subpart 342.71—Administrative Actions for Cost Overruns

342.7100 Scope of subpart.

This subpart sets forth the procedures to be followed when a cost overrun is anticipated; *i.e.*, the allowable actual cost of performing a cost-reimbursement type contract is expected to exceed the total estimated cost specified in the contract.

342.7101 Contract administration.

342.7101-1 General.

Upon receipt of information that a contractor's accumulated cost and projected expenditures will exceed the limit of funds obligated by the contract, the contracting officer shall coordinate immediately with the appropriate program office to determine whether the contract should be modified or terminated. If the contracting officer receives information from a source other than the contractor that a cost overrun is anticipated, the contracting officer shall verify the information with the contractor, and remind the contractor of the notification requirements of the Limitation of Cost clause.

342.7101-2 Procedures.

- (a) Upon notification that a cost overrun is anticipated, the contracting officer shall inform the contractor to submit a request for additional funds which is to include:
 - (1) Name and address of contractor.
- (2) Contract number and expiration date.
- (3) Contract item(s) and amount(s) creating overrun.
- (4) The elements of cost which changed from the original estimate (*i.e.*, labor, material, travel, overhead, etc.) to be furnished in the following format:
 - (i) Original estimate,
 - (ii) Costs incurred to date,
 - (iii) Estimated cost to completion,
 - (iv) Revised estimate, and
 - (v) Amount of adjustment.
- (5) The factors responsible for the increase, *i.e.*, error in estimate, changed conditions, etc.
- (6) The latest date by which funds must be available for commitment to avoid contract slippage, work stoppage, or other program impairment.
- (b) When the contractor submits a notice of an impending overrun, the contracting officer shall:
- (1) Immediately advise the appropriate program office and furnish a copy of the notice and any other data received: